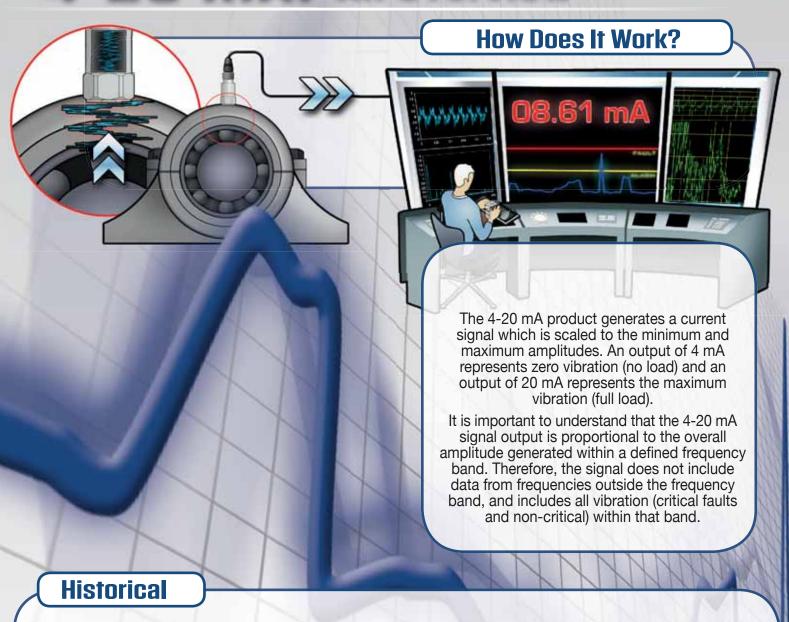


4-20 mA: An Overview



The measurement of temperature, pressure, flow, and speed of our industrial processes has always used some form of instrumentation as an aid. An early and simple measurement of temperature was accomplished with a thermometer and recorded manually on paper indicating not only the temperature, but also the time it was taken. Circular charts, pneumatic meters, and strip chart recorders became a standard means for process measurements, and evolved into an early form of process control that included amplitude and time dependent data that could be trended or analyzed. The instruments of yesterday have given way to the modern control schemes of today like the PLC, DCS, and SCADA systems integrating multiple Vibration Sensor/Transmitters, inputs, and outputs in operations centers.

Today's modern systems offer flexibility in Vibration Sensor/Transmitter selection, and use standard 4-20 mA current loops for most applications. Process control provides a wide variety of monitoring options, time based trending, and control applications to keep machines performing efficiently and running at their required capabilities. 4-20 mA current loops are inherently low in noise and signals can be transmitted over long distances making an ideal combination for industrial applications. Vibration Sensor/Transmitter outputs are proportional to current, with 4 mA representing a zero level, and 20 mA representing a maximum level over a given range.

Process Scaling

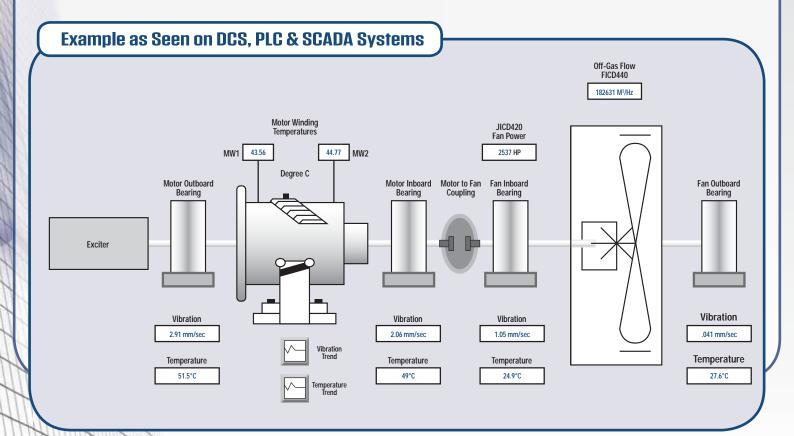
In some cases a broader than normal scale may be desired where a significant increase in vibration above normal can be tolerated before alarm or shutdown would be required. For example, your application might operate normally at 0.30 in/sec (7.66 mm/sec) and varying loads might make higher overall levels a normal occurrence that would not merit an alarm. Instead, alarms and shutdown might not be desired until 1.80 in/sec (45.7 mm/sec).

own would be required.			Normal = 0.30 in/sec = 7.6 mm/sec = 6.40 mA			Shutdown = 1.80 in/sec = 45.7 mm/se = 18.40 mA				45.7 mm/sec
	in/sec	0.00	0.25	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	1.75	2.00
Input	mm/ sec	0.00	6.35	12.70	19.05	25.40	31.75	38.10	44.45	50.80
Output	mA	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
Normal					Alarm		Shutdown			

Vibration Monitoring

The same 4-20 mA technology used to measure temperature, pressure, flow, and speed can also be extended to measure the overall vibration of rotating machines. Adding a Vibration Sensor/Transmitter to the machine provides a critical measure of the machines health, and can be used to identify changes in balance, alignment, gears, bearings, and many other potential faults that may not be currently detected. Monitoring machine vibrations can prevent undetected catastrophic failures from occurring, and at the same time require minimal human interaction to provide continuous machine protection.

There are multiple options to add vibration monitoring to an already familiar 4-20 mA interface connecting to the PLC, DCS, or SCADA systems.



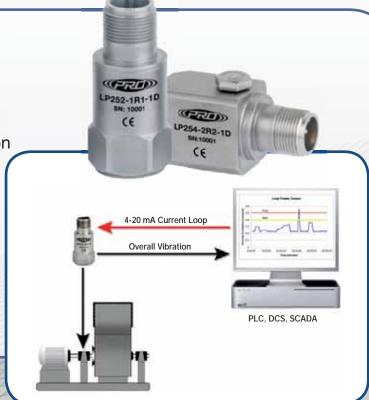
Overall Vibration

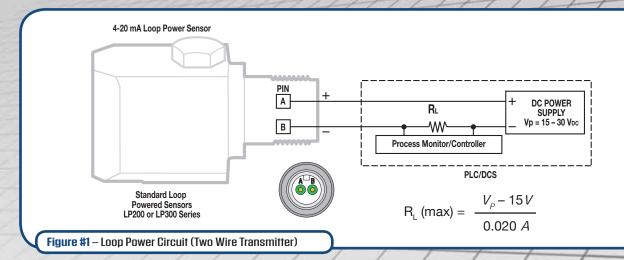
LP200 & LP300 Series

Loop Power Sensors, 4-20 mA Output

- Peak & RMS outputs available
- 4-20 mA output proportional to velocity
- 4-20 mA output proportional to acceleration

A Loop Power Vibration Sensor/Transmitter like the LP200 Series (4-20 mA proportional to vibration measured in velocity) or LP300 Series (4-20 mA proportional to vibration measured in acceleration) can be mounted on the machine and added to the control loop. As the overall vibration of the machine changes, the 4-20 mA output will vary proportionally.





Wiring 4 - 20 mA Loop Power Sensors

Relative to Figure #1, for a two wire Loop Power Sensor, the positive wire would be connected to Pin A, and the negative wire would be connected to Pin B. The measurement device (R_L) will be placed in series with the negative wire between the Loop Power Sensor and the negative terminal of the power supply. In this configuration, the Process Monitor or Controller can measure the 4-20 mA current flowing in the current loop.

In many cases, R_L will be a 250 Ω resistor. In this scenario, Ohm's Law (E = IR) will provide:

- a zero value of 1 VDC (E = 0.004 A × 250Ω)
- a maximum value of 5 VDC $(E = 0.020 A \times 250\Omega)$
- When R_L = 250Ω, and Vp ≤ 24 VDC, then R_L should be ½ watt
- When $R_L = 250\Omega$, and Vp > 24 VDC, but ≤ 30 VDC, then R_L should be 1 watt

WHEN RELIABILITY MATTERS

Overall & Dynamic Vibration

LP401, LP402 & LP404 Series

Dual Output, Loop Power Sensors

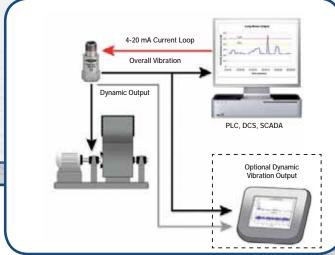
- 4-20 mA Output & Dynamic Vibration Outputs
- Outputs to PLC, DCS, SCADA

Dual Output Loop Power Sensors also provide a secondary output of dynamic vibration. These secondary outputs could be acceleration or velocity and are combined in three different loop power sensor configurations:

- LP401 Series Overall Velocity (4-20 mA), and Dynamic Velocity (100 mV/in/sec)
- LP402 Series Overall Velocity (4-20 mA), and Dynamic Acceleration (100 mV/g)
- LP404 Series Overall Acceleration (4-20 mA), and Dynamic Acceleration (100 mV/g)



Dual Output 4-20 mA Loop Power Sensors are a three wire technology where Pin A is the positive 4-20 mA power, Pin B is a shared common, and Pin C is a positive dynamic vibration. Please reference Figure #2.



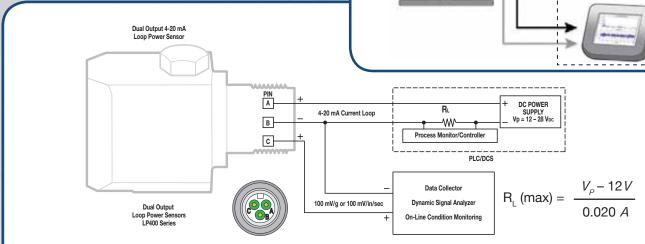


Figure #2 - Dual Output Loop Power Circuit

Wiring Dual Output 4 - 20 mA Loop Power Sensors

Relative to Figure #2, for a three wire Dual Output Loop Power Sensor, the positive 4-20 mA wire would be connected to Pin A, the negative wire would be a shared common connected to Pin B, and the positive Dynamic Vibration wire would be connected to Pin C. The 4-20 mA measurement device (R_L) will be placed in series with the negative wire between the Loop Power Sensor and the negative terminal of the power supply. In this configuration, the Process Monitor or Controller can measure the 4-20 mA current flowing in the current loop. The Data Collector, Dynamic Signal Analyzer, or On-line Condition Monitoring System will measure the Dynamic Vibration (100 mV/g or 100 mV/in/sec) across Pin C (+) and Pin B (-). The 4-20 mA loop power provides all of the power for the sensor, including the Dynamic Vibration.

COMMECT TO COMFIDENCE

Overall Vibration and Temperature

LP232, LP234, LP332 & LP334 Series

Dual Output, Loop Power Sensors

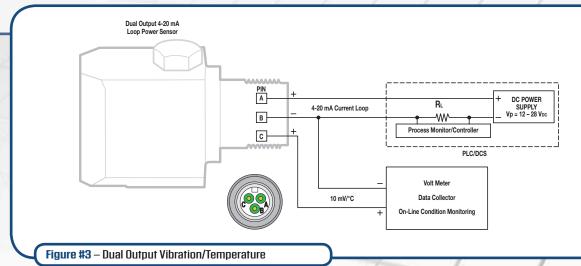
- 4-20 mA Vibration Output
- Temperature Output: 10mV/°C (VDC)
- Outputs to PLC, DCS, SCADA



The Dual Output 4-20 mA Vibration and Temperature Sensor is available with an acceleration or velocity output in combination with a 10 mV/°C temperature output. Power is supplied by the 4-20 mA current loop. The overall vibration is proportional to 4-20 mA and can be used with a PLC, DCS, or SCADA for monitoring the vibration amplitude. The DC voltage output is proportional to temperature from -40°C (0.10 VDC) to +85°C (1.35 VDC) or -40°F (0.10 VDC) to + 185°F (1.35 VDC). This output can be trended in voltage to monitor the change in temperature of the machine. The temperature table displays the output in volts DC for the measurement range of the sensor.

Temperature Output									
	10 mV/°C		5.556 mV/°F						
Degrees C	Output Volts DC	Degrees F	Output Volts DC						
-40	0.10	-40	0.1						
-30	0.20	-20	0.21						
-20	0.30	0	0.32						
-10	0.40	+20	0.43						
0	0.50	+40	0.54						
+10	0.60	+60	0.66						
+20	0.70	+80	0.77						
+30	0.80	+100	0.88						
+40	0.90	+120	0.99						
+50	1.00	+140	1.10						
+60	1.10	+160	1.21						
+70	1.20	+180	1.32						
+80	1.30	+185	1.35						
+85	1.35								

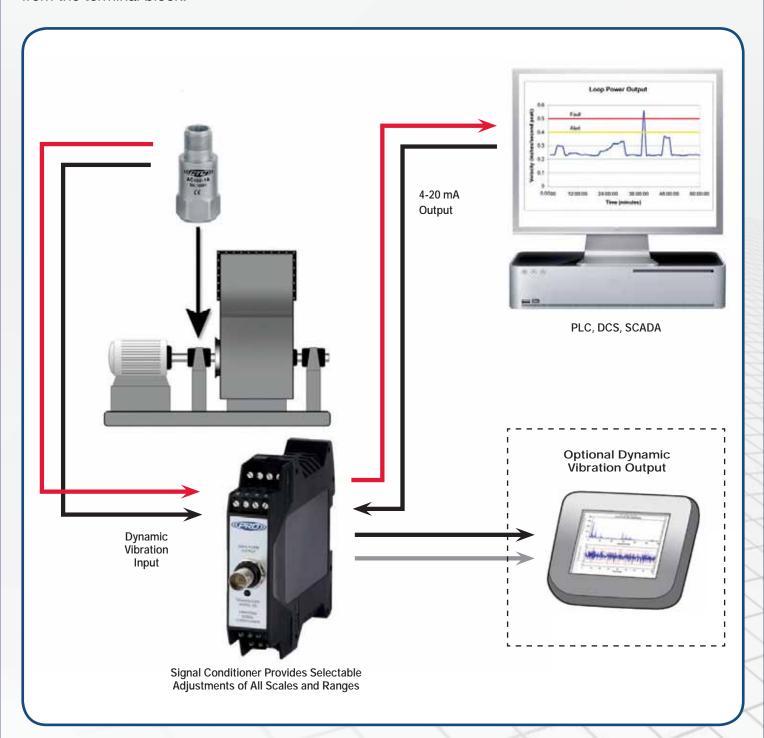
An electrical wiring diagram (Figure #3) is shown below. The positive loop power would be connected to Pin A, the negative loop power would be connected to Pin B, and the temperature would be measured from Pin C (positive) to Pin B (negative).



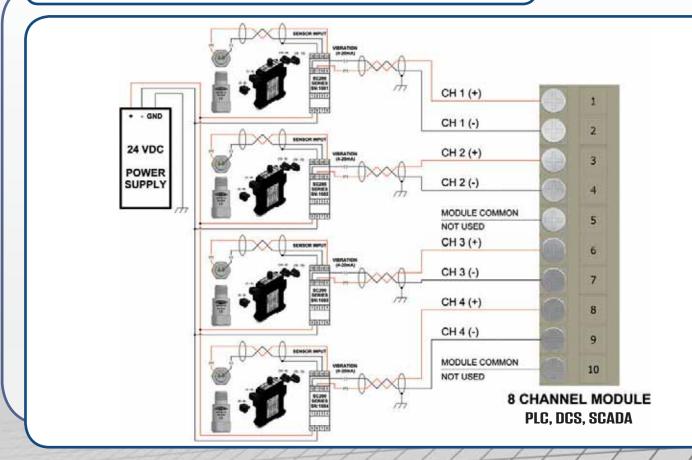
JABILITY MATTERS

Signal Conditioner/Field Configurable

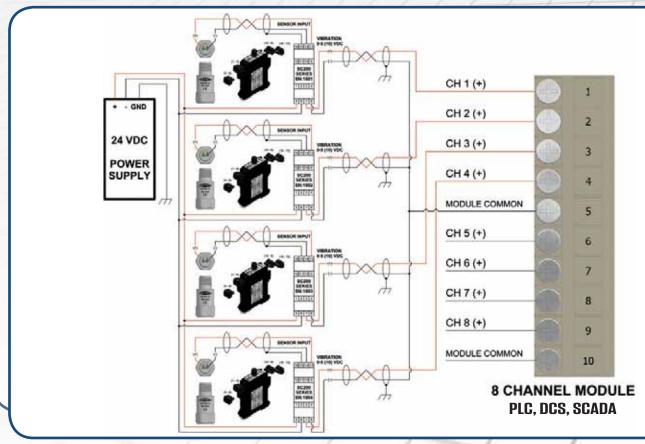
Signal Conditioners can also be used in conjunction with standard dynamic accelerometers, piezo velocity sensors, or displacement probes. The Signal Conditioner accepts the dynamic input and converts it to a proportional 4-20 mA output for the PLC, DCS or SCADA system. This type of application has many benefits. The Signal Conditioner can be adjusted in the field so that the scaling and filters match your application. The dynamic vibration signal is available from a standard BNC connection on the front of the Signal Conditioner, or as an optional output from the terminal block.



4 – 20 mA Current Output, Isolated Inputs



0 – 5 VDC or 0 – 10 VDC Output

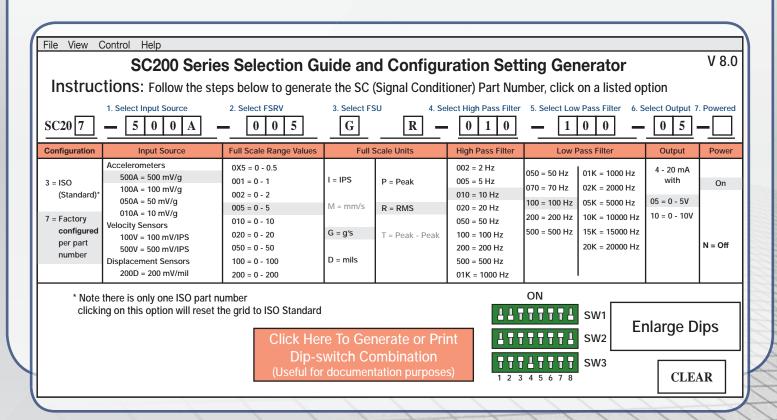


WHEN RELIABILITY MATTERS

Signal Conditioner – Configuration

The Signal Conditioner has a standard configuration, SC203-100A-002IR-010-01K-05, that uses a 100 mV/g acceleration input, has a full scale range of 0-2 inches/second rms., and is filtered from 10 Hz to 1000 Hz. Standard outputs are 4-20 mA and 0-5 VDC.

The Signal Conditioner can also be factory or field configured to meet the needs of almost any application. This allows for a wide range of applications and does not limit the settings after purchase. To assist with the configuration of the dip switches, there is an application at https://www.ctconline.com/_online_utilities.aspx. As shown below, this application can be used to assist with the configuration of the signal conditioner in the field.



Signal Conditioner – Temperature

It should also be noted that the Signal Conditioner is compatible with the TA102, TA104, TA131, TA133, TA135, and TA184 series dual output vibration and temperature sensors. The Signal Conditioner in combination with any one of these sensors will provide one 4-20 mA output proportional to vibration, and a second 4-20 mA output proportional to temperature.













Dynamic Output For Analysis



XE150 Series

1-8 Channel Signal Conditioner Enclosure

- Provides 4-20 mA Signals & Dynamic Output
- Link to PLC / DCS Systems
- Available in Fiberglass or Stainless Steel

For use with accelerometers, piezo velocity sensors & proximity probes

Stand Alone Displays & Relays



PMX1000 Series

1-2 Channel Process Control Enclosure with Display & Relay OR Display Only

- Relays Trigger Alarm or Shutdown
- o Displays IPS, g's, mils or Custom Scale
- o 4-20 mA Output

Dynamic Output & Display with Relay



MVR1000 Series

Four Channel Compact Vibration Monitoring System

- Dynamic External Links
- Sunlight Viewable Display
- o SPDT (Form C) 2 relays each

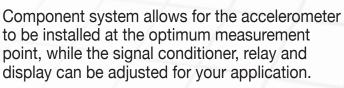
For use with accelerometers, piezo velocity sensors & proximity probes

RXE150 Series





- 24/7 Monitoring with Shutdown Alarm
- Field Configurable, Multi-Channel
- Dynamic Outputs for Vibration Analysis



NOTE: Cooling is required if internal temperature of RXE enclosure exceeds 140°F (60°C)



Stand Alone Displays & Relays



VP Series

ViPR Vibration Protection & Relay System

- Sunlight Viewable Display of Vibration Levels: IPS, g's, mils or Customized Scale
- Protect Critical Equipment with Relays to Trigger Alarms or Shutdowns
- 4-20 mA Retransmission for use with PLC, DCS, or SCADA Systems
- Pre-Wired for Turnkey Solution Just Wire Sensors and Output Into Easily Accessible Screw Terminals

Protect critical machinery & processes from excessive vibration & catastrophic failure.

The VP Series Protection & Relay System from PRO will display the vibration level from a signal conditioner or a loop power sensor, with the capability to trigger alarms and shutdown machinery based on the amplitude of the overall vibration within a selected frequency range. Dual output versions display both vibration and temperature.

Hazardous Area: Sensors and Signal Conditioners

The PRO Line offers a range of options for companies that require 4-20 mA solutions to protect against excessive vibration in explosive environments.

Our Sensors and Signal Conditioners have been certified by a variety of regulatory agencies so that you can protect your company's critical machinery application while ensuring plant safety almost anywhere in the world.

CANADA & US:



Class I, Division 1 - Intrinsically Safe

Class I, Division 2 - Non-Arcing, Non-Sparking

EUROPE:



Zone 0 - Intrinsically Safe

Zone 2 - Non-Arcing, Non-Sparking

INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED

IECEX Zone 0 - Intrinsically Safe

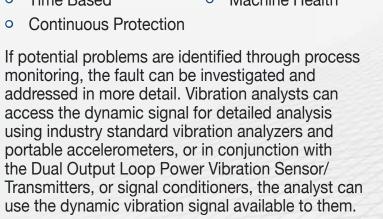


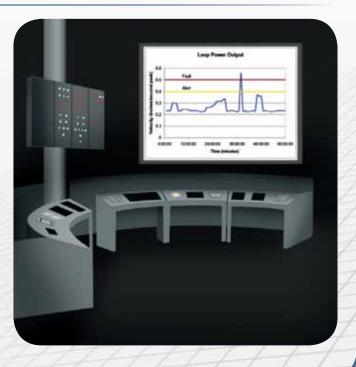
Summary

Enhance Your Application with a 4-20 mA Vibration Monitoring Solution

- Overall Vibration
- Industrial Format
- Flexible Inputs
- Common Displays
- Comparison Data
- Time Based

- Transient Events
- Amplitude Trends
- Corrective Action
- Alarm Sets
- Relay Interface
- Machine Health





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